## **2021 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Enon, Lockestation, Curtis, Water Association PRINT Public Water System Name 054 000 6

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
no On water bill (Attach copy of bill)	6-27-2022
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	Onni P
Me Other (Describe: Link was posted on our Face book Arenunt)	6-29-2022
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service	
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL (Provide direct URL):	
Distributed via Email as an attachment	
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message	
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
Association Office	
Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL): https://msrwa.org/2021 ccr/ELC.pdf	
CERTIFICATION  I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been prepared and distributed to its customs the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population served. Furthermore, I certify that the information is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for sampling performed and fulfills all CCR region federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.    Teyesa Tullos   Book keeper   Title	contained in the report
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR. Certification, and associated proof of deli-	verv method(s) to

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

## 2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Enon-Locke Station and Curtis Water Association PWS#: 0540006 June 2022

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2022 JUN 14 AM 8:48

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Enon-Locke Station and Curtis Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Teresa Tullos at 662.934.0566. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend The annual meeting scheduled for the last Friday of March at 7:00 PM at the Panola County Extension Building.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	<b>JLTS</b>			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2021	<sub>2</sub> 7	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runo from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Barium	N	2021	.0093	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

14. Copper	N	2019*	.2		0		ppm		1.3	AL=1.3	B Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2021	.278		No Range		ppm		4	2	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2019*	2		4		ppb		0	AL=1	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	1700	000	No Range		PPB		0	(	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfec	tion By	-Produ	cts								
81. HAA5	N	2021	1.81	No	Range	ppb		0	i	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2021	1.1	.7-	- 1.6	mg/l		0	MDI	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Enon-Locke Station and Curtis Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

ELC Water Assn 3036 Waldrup Rd Batesville, MS 38606 662-578-5230

6/24/2022

CHARGES	29.40 5.36 (\$6.42)	\$28.34
Usage	10200	\$ 31.17
victor Readings Previous	2084700	nalty 2.83
Current	<b>2094900</b> e	ue Date Per
SERVICES	61	Total Due ***After Due Date Penalty 2.83

PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL US POSTAGE PAID BATESVILLE PERMIT NO.5

ELC Water Assn

85	PAST DUE AFTER
TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	AFTER DUE DA
28.34	31.1

**TEPAY** 

**LINA VEST** 

938 SEVEN RD c/o Nicole Vest

BATESVILLE MS 38606

\*\*Important 2021 CCR Report information on back\*\* Service From 5/25/2022 TO 6/19/2022 Last payment received 6/24/22 for \$60.00.

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The 2021 Consumer Confidence Report is available at the following website:

https://msrwa.org/2021ccr/ELC.pdf

You may also obtain a copy of the report by contacting the office.



LAKEWOOD DR LAKEWOOD DR E, MS 38606-9998 30)275-8777 375 LA BATESVILLE,

02:10 PM 06/27/2022 Price Unit Qt/ Product

Cust Permit Dep Permit Type: Permit Imprint Permit Number: 5

\$182.82

STATION Permit Acct Number: 1314043 Customer Name: ENON, LOCKE, CURTIS WATER ASSOCIATION

\$182.82

Grand Total